



Allowed Tables and Charts: None
 Examiner: Dr/ Mohamed Hesham Belal.

Answer All The Following Questions:

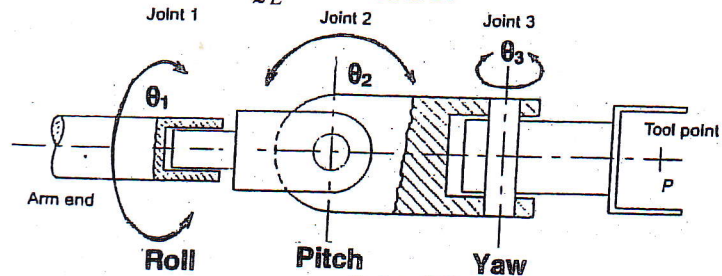
Question No.(1):

[25 Mark]

- (a)- Robotic systems are generally classified to six groups according to different views. Investigate briefly.
- (b)- The wrist of a manipulator is represented by three successive rotations (Roll- Pitch- Yaw) denoted by $(\theta_1, \theta_2, \theta_3)$ respectively as shown in Fig.(1) . It is assumed that the arm end-point is stationary and can be considered as the stationary base frame for the wrist.
- 1)- Obtain the direct kinematic model. 2)- Determine the solution for the three joint variables for a given tool point orientation matrix $A_{\sim E}$ as follows:

$$A_{\sim E} = \begin{bmatrix} n_x & s_x & a_x & 0 \\ n_y & s_y & a_y & 0 \\ n_z & s_z & a_z & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Fig.(1)



[25 Mark]

Question No.(2):

- (a)- Explain briefly: the Robot and Robotic- the main parts of an industrial robot.
- (b)- For the 4-DOF manipulator arm shown in Fig.(2), and located in its home position.
- 1- Assign frames and tabulate the joint-link parameter,
 - 2- Determine the transformation matrices relating successive links,
 - 3- Obtain the orientation and position of the end-effector relative to the base,
 - 4- Check the correctness of the results and describe it at the home position,
 - 5- Compute the position of the end-effector if the joint variable vector is : $q = [45^\circ \ 120^\circ \ 80 \text{ mm} \ 60^\circ]^T$ with : $d_1 = 400 \text{ mm}$, $d_2 = 300 \text{ mm}$, $d_4 = 200 \text{ mm}$.

Question No.(3):

[25 Mark]

- (a)- Compare between the rigid domain and flexible domain for dynamic analysis of performance of industrial robot.
- (b)- A simplified model of a three axes planar articulated manipulator in rigid domain, as shown in Fig.(3), connected by the three powered joints for the welded end-effector.
- 1- Derive the general form of the Jacobian matrix,
 - 2- Derive the equations of motion of the system assuming small vibration about a reference position, and
 - 3- Calculate the equivalent actuating moments at the joints to keep the manipulator in static equilibrium.

Question No.(4):

[25 Mark]

(a)- From the first principle , Derive the expressions of the mass and stiffness matrices for the single element in terms of the global reference system.

(b)- Fig.(4) shows the single flexible link manipulator of uniform cross-section diameter D , length L , mass per unit volume ρ and Young's Modulus E . The manipulator having flexible joint O_1 of stiffness coefficient (k_F) and payload of mass (m_P) welded at the tip of the link.

- 1- Write the local mass and stiffness matrices,
- 2- Derive the global mass and stiffness matrices,
- 3- Write-down the equation of motion of the manipulator in detail, and
- 4- Calculate the equivalent joint torque acting at the shoulder joint.

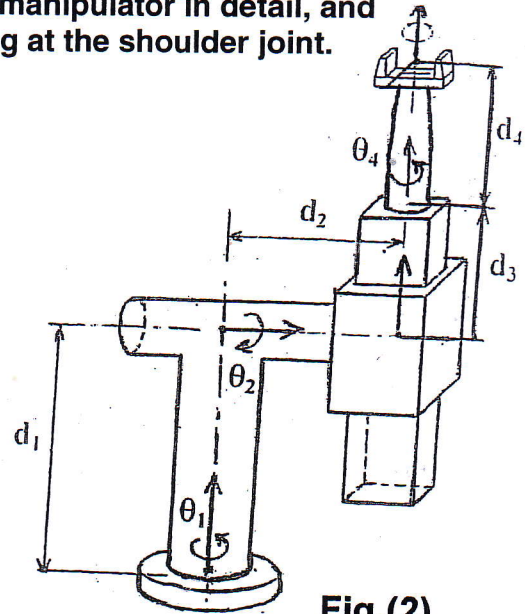


Fig.(2)

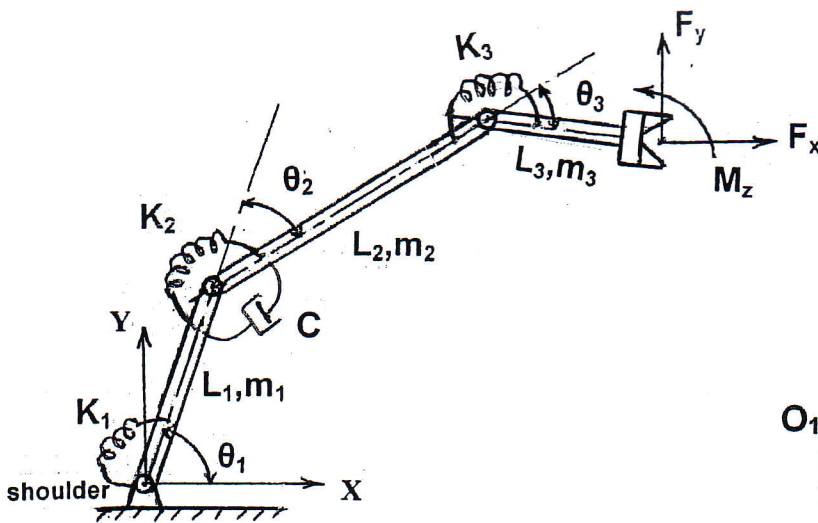


Fig.(3)

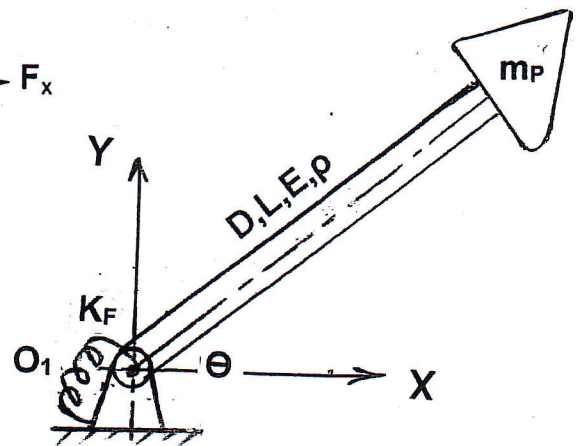


Fig.(4)

With my best wishes

This exam measure the following ILOs												
Question No.	Q1-a	Q2-a	Q3-a	Q4-a	Q1-b	Q2-b	Q3-b	Q4-b	Q1-b	Q2-b	Q3-b	Q4-b
	a-2	a-3	a-4	a-3	b-2	b-5	b-2	b-5	c-1	c-2	c-2	c-1
Skills	Knowledge & Understand				Intellectual				Professional			