

**N. B. Any needed data not given is to be reasonably assumed**

**Question (1) ( 10)**

A cantilever beam 25x60 cm<sup>2</sup> is subjected to a concentrated load at its end and is reinforced with 5Φ16. Calculate the maximum load that the beam can resist without cracking, considering the beam weight.  $f_{cu}=25 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ,  $f_y = 360 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .

**Question (2) ( 40 % )**

For the reinforced concrete floor shown in figure: Live load=2.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>, floor covering=1.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>,  $f_{cu}=25 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ,  $f_y = 360 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ,

- Design the slab S1 as solid slab.
- Design the slab S2 as two-way hollow block slab.
- Design the continuous beam B1.
- Design the girder B2.

**Question (3) ( 20 % )**

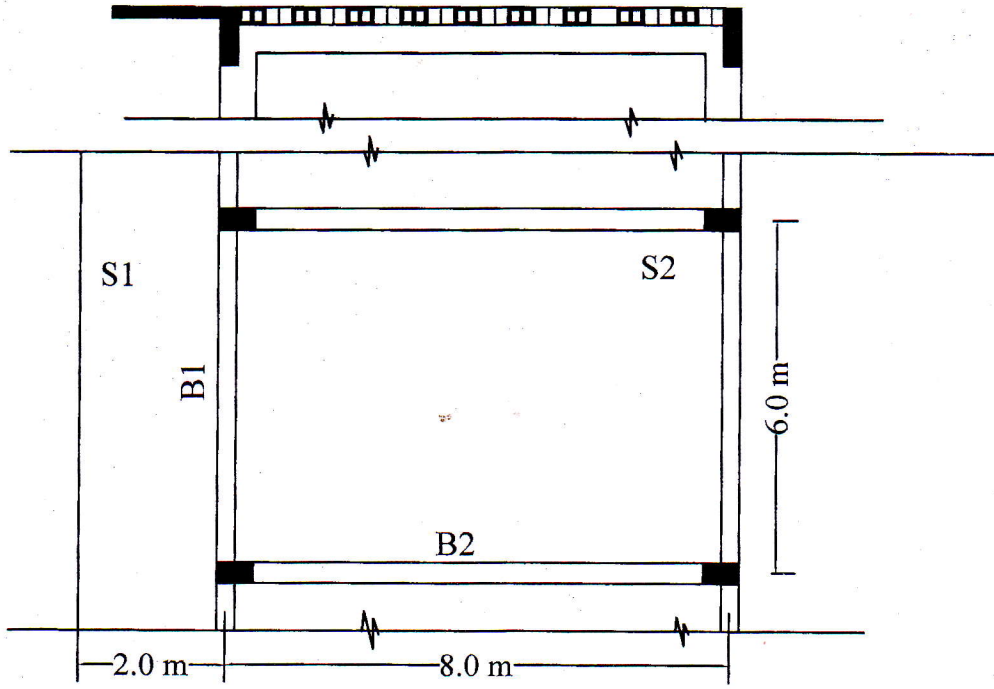
- Design a spiral R.C. column to resist an axial ultimate load of 1750 kN,  $f_{cu}=30 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ,  $f_y = 400 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ,  $f_y (\text{spiral}) = 240 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .
- A reinforced concrete rectangular un-braced column 6.0 m high is partly fixed at both ends and is subjected to an axial load of 1400 kN and a bending moment of 220 kN.m.(ultimate load).  
Use the interaction diagram to design the column.  
 $f_{cu}=25 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ,  $f_y = 360 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .

**Question (4) ( 25 % )**

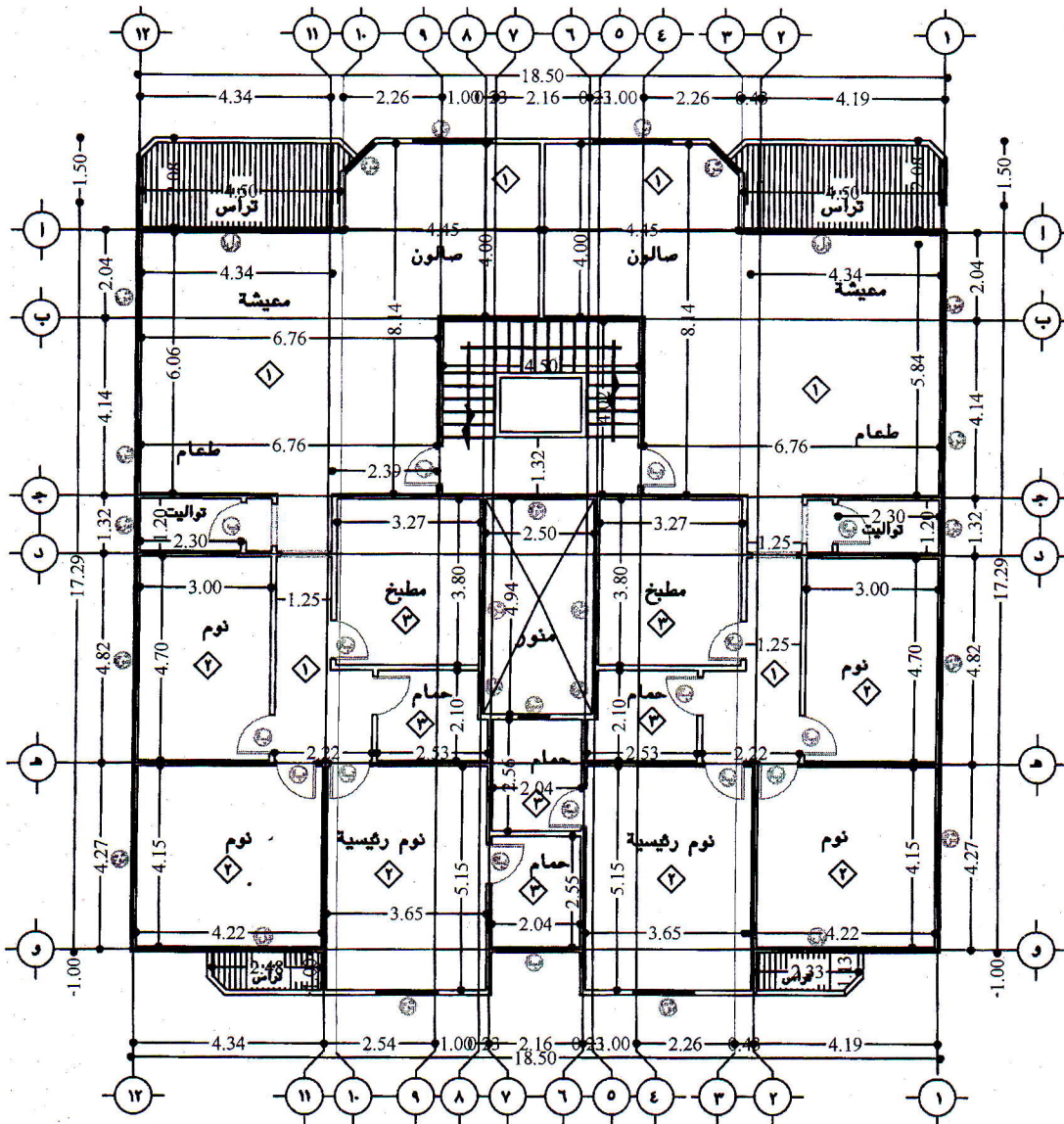
It is required to design an isolated R.C. footing to carry a 30x50 column of 1600 kN ultimate load. Assume the reinforced concrete base is 70 cm depth. The soil bearing capacity is 125 kN/m<sup>2</sup>,  $f_{cu} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ,  $f_y = 360 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .  
Draw all necessary details.

**Question (5) ( 25% )**

Draw the statical system for the floor shown in figure, Showing :Slabs, Beams, and columns. Columns are allowed on axes only.



Problem (1)



Problem (5)