

**TAXONOMICAL STUDIES ON GENUS *Ptinus*  
(COLEOPTERA, PTINIDAE ) IN EGYPT.**

**Abied, M.K.A.**

**Plant Protection Dept., Faculty of Agriculture, Al-Azhar University**

**ABSTRACT**

This is the first paper of a designed series dealing with the taxonomy of Egyptian ptinidae. The present work treated seven species of genus *Ptinus* known to occur in Egypt. Diagnosis for family ptinidae and genus *Ptinus*. Keys were provided to separate the treated species. All species are diagnosed and provided with detailed drawings. Synonyms in addition to the geographical and local distribution of each species were provided.

**INTRODUCTION**

Members of the ptinidae are small sized, the family ptinidae comprises about 600 species under 70 genera. (Booth, 1990). Family ptinidae was divided into two subfamilies, Gibbinae and ptiniinae (Alfieri, 1976). The adults and larvae of some species who belonged to this beetles for this family feeding on store wheat, cereals , opiumum, paste , hay and animal matter such as *Gibbium psylloides* Czemp, Cotton and Good (1937) . The hump beetle. *Gibbium psylloide* Czemp is oftenly .A minor insect and receives little attention as a stored product pest (Weidner , 1979; Bosman and Jonge , 1981 , Belles and Halstead, 1985 and lee et al, 1992 ) .The ptinidae was discovered a new subgenus *Leaspheericus* of (*Sphaericus*) with two new species ,*S (L) fladipennis* and *s(L) diversevillosus* (Belles 1998). The ptinidae was studied in South Africa , including both taxonomy and ecology (Philips 2009). The present investigation was carried out to test the effect of packaging material on the population growth of *Gibbium psylloides* Zmep and on the quality of essential oil in the flower heads of chamomile. This feature is shared in of family ptinidae description and diagnosis for some species. ( Acoloque, 1896, Bedel, 1888, Ferrantei, 1911, Ferrante, 1930, paykul, 1939, and shahine, 1927). They are characteristically small bodied, antennae sometimes ten jointed; filiform, elongate, simple, or pectinated occasionally serrated; or short slightly thickened at the apex, with the three terminal joints suddenly elongated: mandibles short stout bifid or bidenatate at the tip : palpi short , nearly equal , the terminal joint rather largest : maxillae bilobed: labium emarginated: head rounded , deeply immersed in the thorax which is mostly cucullated : abdomen large , convex or gibbous: tarsi mostly short, five , rarely four – jointed.

The ptinidae consist of two apparently distinct groups, one of which has the antennae filiform , with the tarsi simple and always pentamerous, the other having the three apical joints of the antennae considerably and suddenly elongated, and slightly inwards, with the tarsi occasionally tetramerous and the penultimate joint sometimes bilobed. The present study aim to give a general Picture on the diversity , classification and distribution of ptinid beetles in Egypt .

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

The present taxonomic work started by examining specimens in the Alfierii Collection , Faculty of Agriculture , Al-Azhar University to give a general Picture on the diversity and distribution of ptinid beetles in Egypt. All species which we have examined are represented by one or more figures that are simple line drawings, in addition details in drawings .

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Genus : *Ptinus* Gorh , 1880

Diagnosis : Antennae approximating at the base, elongate , filiform , composed of subcylindric nearly equal articulations , the second alone being abbreviated : plapi unequal, subfiliform : maxillae unidentate at the origin of the plapi: head small: eyes globes, rather prominent : thorax cuculate , generally coarctate , pronotum florid and hairy, behind: abdomen much broader elytra with stria and punctuation than the head and thorax , sub oval or globes , legs long and slender, femora ( especially in the males ) clavate .

### key to represented Egyptian species of *Ptinus* .

- 1- Head sub quadrate in shape -----2.
- Head sub triangle in shape -----3.
- 2- Elytra rectangle in shape -----4.
- Elytra spherical in shape, labrum rectangle, antenna with ultimate not acuminate, pronotum like pear ----- *Ptinus desertorum* Reitter.
- 3- Body length 1.4 mm, labrum rectangle, antenna with penultimate small ---  
----- *Ptinus fringialle* Pic.  
- body length 1.2mm, labrum crescent like, elytra rectangle, lateral margins sub parallel, scarcely rounded at end -----  
----- *Ptinus xylopertha* Reich.
- 4- Body length 1.8 mm, antenna with apex three antennal segment long, ultimate very long, not acuminate----- *Ptinus soubroni* Pic  
- body length, antenna not as above-----5
- 5- Elytra scarcely rounded at end, with stria, without punctuation, head sub quadrate, anterior margin concave, posterior margin sinuate -----  
----- *Ptinus varigatus duval laryinae*.
- Elytra with humeral protruding -----6
- 6- Head sinuate anteriorly, concave posteriorly, antenna with ultimate acuminate, pronotum straight basal margin, sinuate anterior margin.  
Elytra with lateral margin sub parallel, scarcely rounded at end-----  
----- *Ptinus varigatus* Ross.
- head straight anteriorly antenna with ultimate long not acuminate, pronotum with sinuate basal margin. Elytra with lateral margins curved, rounded attend ----- *Ptinus aureopilis* Desbrochers.

**Description for species**

1. *Ptinus fringialle* PIC .  
plate (1) and (1')

**Diagnosis:**

Body length : 1.4mm, width 0.7 mm ; head length : 0.2mm ; pronotal length 0.5 mm; elytra length : 0.8mm; width : 0.6 mm body very convex , not acuminate, spherical , covered with scales, head with dense punctuation sub triangle and small, eyes rounded and very protruding. labrum rectangle in shape.

Antennae with first segment swollen , penultimate small , ultimate acuminate . Pronotum large, swollen, huge anteriorly, small posteriorly , concave at posterior margin. Covered with dense punctuation. scutellum semi triangle , full with scales . elytra spherical, wide at middle , lateral margins curved. Covered with dense punctuation .

**Distribution:**

Local : Cairo and Giza

World: Egypt and North Africa.

***Ptinus varigatus* Ross**

Plate (2)

*Ptinus varigatus* Ross , mant I , 1793, P.20 , t.5 , f.6.

**Synonyms :**

- mauritanicus lucas , Expl. Alg. II, 1847 ,P 208 , T.20,F.6.
- insulaires Desbro. Mitt . schweiz
- ent. Ges . III , 1871, P. 342, abeilla XII , 1875, O.65.
- mutandus mars. Cat .col . 1886 , (Junk, 1926).

**Diagnosis:**

Body length 1.7mm, width 0.8 mm . head length: 0.1mm; pronotal length : 0.5mm ; elytral length 0.9mm; width 0.8 mm. body black, very swollen , spherical covered with scales. Head sub quadrate, sinuate anterioly , concave posteriorly, head with scales, without punctuation. Eyes large and very protruding. Labrum crescent like. Antennae with first segment swollen , ultimate acuminate. Pronotum large , swollen , huge anteriorly , small posteriorly, with straight basal margin , sinuate at anterior margin, covered with scales , without punctuation.

Scutellum semi circle , full with scales. Elytra rectangle , wide at middle, humeral protruding, lateral margins curved, rounded and retracted at end, covered with scales without punctuation .

**Distribution:**

Local : Cairo and Giza

World: Germany, North Africa, south Europa, Asia and Ostria.

**3- *Ptinus varigatus duval* Laryine**

plate (3)

*Ptinus varigatus duval* Laryine ann. Soc. En. Fr. P.127. t, 12.f ,12.

**Diagnosis:**

**Body length:** 1.7mm, width 0.8 mm, head length: 0.2 mm:

Pronotal length 0.5 mm, elytra length : 0.9 mm , width :0.8 mm. body brown reddish , very swollen , covered with scales, head sub quadrate, anterior margin concave , posterior margin sinuate, covered with scale, without punctuation Eyes large and very protruding. labrum crescent like. Antennae with first segment swollen , ultimate large and acuminate, pronotum large , swollen , huge anteriorly, small posteriorly, with sinuate basal margin , straight at anterior margin, covered with scales, without punctuate. scutellum semi circle , full with scales. Elytra rectangle , wide at middle , lateral margins sub parallel , scarcely rounded at end. Elytra with scales and stria, without punctuation. distribution:

Local : Cairo, Giza

World: Malta,

**4- *Ptinus soubroni* PIC**

plate (4)

*Ptinus soubroni* PIC , Echangext , 1895 , P.102

**Diagnosis :**

Body length : 1.9 mm; width : 0.8mm ; Head length .0.2 mm .

Pronotal length : 0.4 mm , elytral length : 0.12 mm ; width 0.8 mm. body covered with scales like wheat ears . body brown reddish. head sub quadrate, straight anteriorly, concave posteriorly. eyes very large and very Protruding. Labrum rectangle In shape. antennae with first segment swollen, apex three antennal segments long, ultimate very long , not acuminate. pronotum large swollen , huge anteriorly , small posteriorly , with sinuate basal margin , straight at anterior margin. scutellum semi circle , full with scales, . elytra rectangle, wide at middle , lateral margins sub parallel , scarcely rounded at end .

**Distribution:**

Local : Cairo , Giza and Alexandria

World : Tunis , Algier and Egypt .

**5. *Ptinus aureopilis* Desbrochers**

plate (5)

*Ptinus aureopilis* Desbrochers.

Op. ent.1875, P.49 – Reitt . bes . tab . XI , 1884 , P.24 .

**Diagnosis :**

Body length : 1.6 mm , width : 0.6m , head length : 0.2 mm , pronotal, length : 0.4 mm , Elytral length : 0.1 mm , width : 0.6mm . body brown reddish; body covered like wheat ears, very swollen. Head quadrate, straight anteriorly, sinuate posteriorly. Eyes very large and very protruding , labrum crescent like.

Antennae with first segment semi swollen , ultimate long , not acuminate , pronotum swollen , huge anteriorly , small posteriorly, with basal margin sinuate , straight at anterior margin , lateral margins not parallel. Scutellum semi circle , full with scales. Elytra rectangle , wide at middle , humeral protruding, lateral margins curved, rounded at end .

**Distribution:**

Local : Cairo , Giza And matrouh.

World : Greece and Egypt

**6- *Ptinus desertorum Reitter***  
plate (6)

*Ptinus desertorum Reitter Deutsche ENt. Zeitschr. XXXI, 1887, P.29*

**Synonym :**

*P. Damascenus* Reitt. Verh . Nat. Ver Brunn XXII, 1884 , P.320, Best , Tab , XI , 1884 ,

**Diagnosis :**

Body length : 1.2mm; width : 0.6mm; head length : 0.2mm; pronotal length : 0.4mm; Elytral length : 0.7mm; width : 0.6mm. body brown, convex, spherical, full with scales. Head sub quadrate, straight anteriorly, sinuate posteriorly, with scales, without punctuation. eyes large, very protruding. labrum rectangle. Antennae with first segment swollen, ultimate not acuminate. Pronotum pear like, swollen, huge anteriorly, small posteriorly, with sinuate basal margin, straight at anterior margin, with scales, without punctuation margin. Scutellum semi circle , full with scales. Elytra semi spherical, lateral margins curved, rounded at end, with scales and stria , without punctuation .

**Distribution:**

Local :Giza and South Sinai

World : S.Rossland, Gebiet and Orient

***Ptinus xylopertha Reich***

Plate (7)

*Ptinus Xylopertha* Reich. P.14.

Ann. Soc . ENt . Fr (3) V,1857 , P.185 .

Boield. Mongr. 1856, P.310, t.13 , F.9 , 10 .

**Synonym :**

*Ptinus fulvohirtus* Reitt.

*Deutsche ENt. Zeitschr. 1891, P.29 – Pic , Echanye XI, 1895 , P.103 .*

**Diagnosis :**

Body length : 1.2 mm, width : 0.6mm, head length : 0.1 mm , pronotal length : 0.3 mm , Elytral length : 0.7mm. Width : 0.5mm. Body black, antennae and legs orangish brown. convex , sub rectangle, full with scales, head small , concave anteriorly, semi straight posteriorly, with scales , without punctuation. labrum crescent like. Antennae with first segment swollen , ultimate not acuminate . pronotum large , swollen , huge anteriorly, small posteriorly , with semi straight basal margin , semi straight at anterior margin, with scales, without punctuations. scutellum semi circle, full with scales. Elytra rectangle .

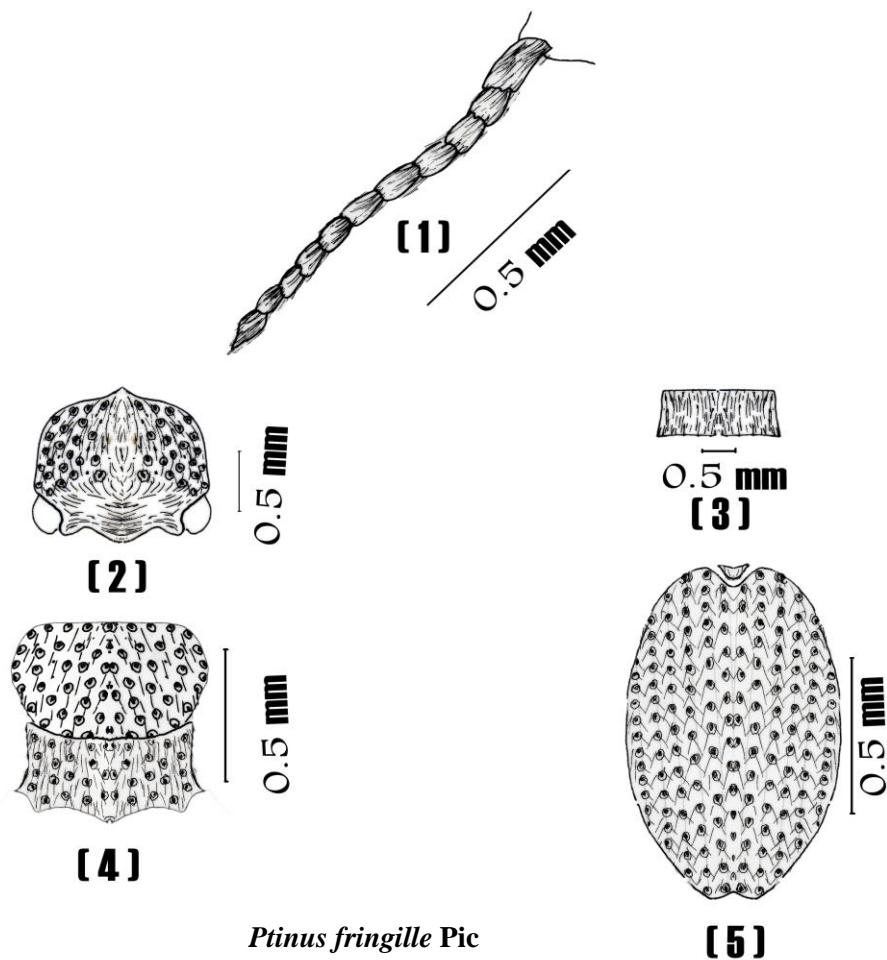
Wide at middle, lateral margins sub parallel , scarcely rounded at end, with scales, without punctuation .

**Distribution:**

Local: Cairo and Giza .

World : cyperna , Orient, Greece , North Africa , Tripolis and Egypt.

# plate [ 1 ]

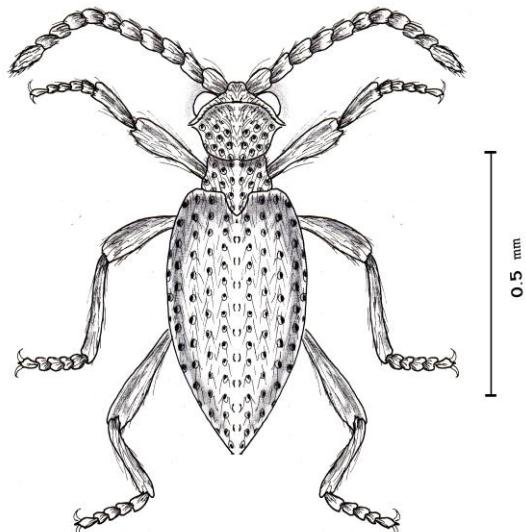


(1) antenna  
(3) labrum

(5) elytra

(1) head  
(4) pronotum

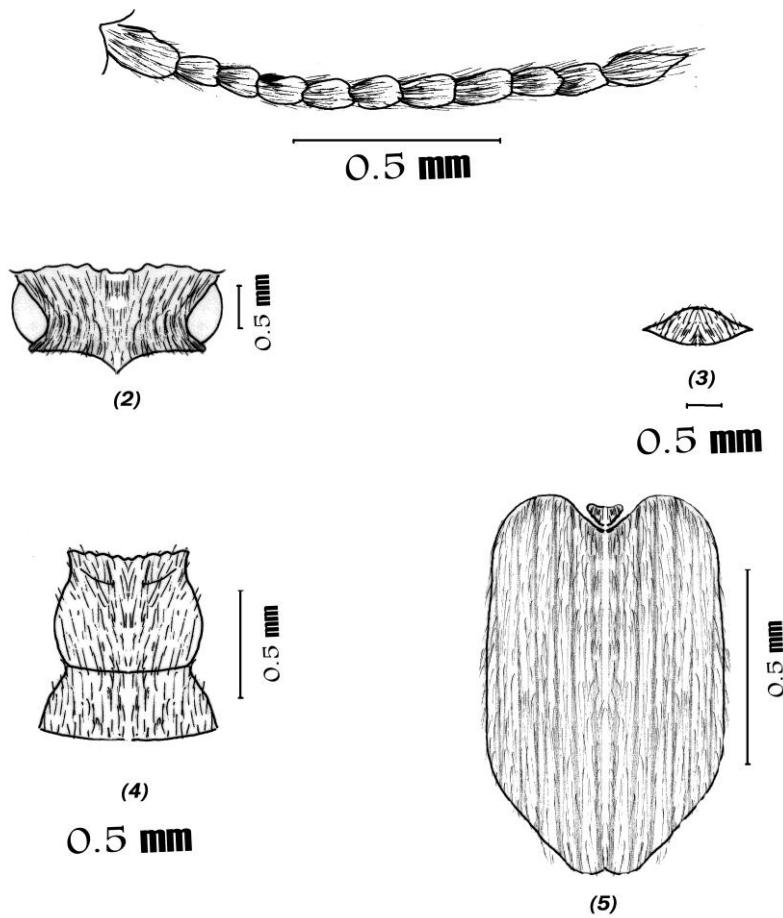
plate ( i )



*Ptinus fringille* pic

***Ptinus fringille* Pic**

## **plate (2)**



### ***Ptinus variegatus* Ross**

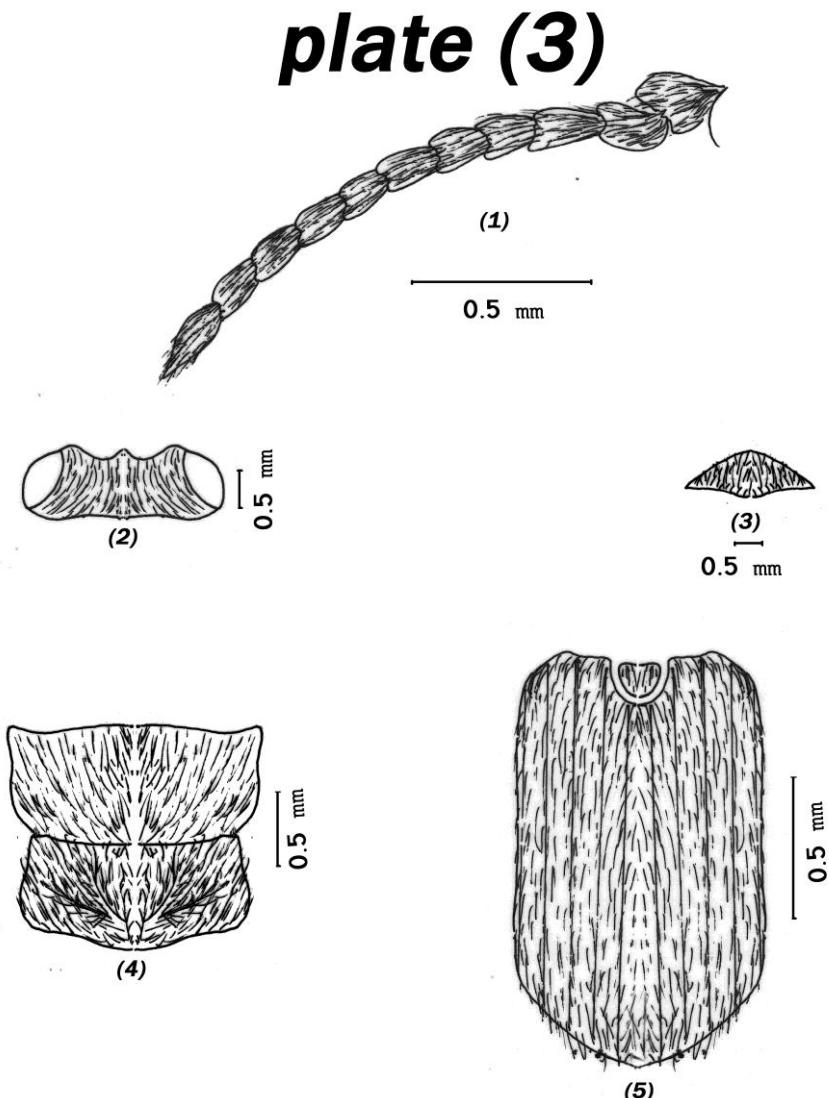
(1) antenna

(2) head

(3) labrum

(4) pronotum

(5) elytra



*Ptinus variegatus duval Laryinae*

(1) antenna

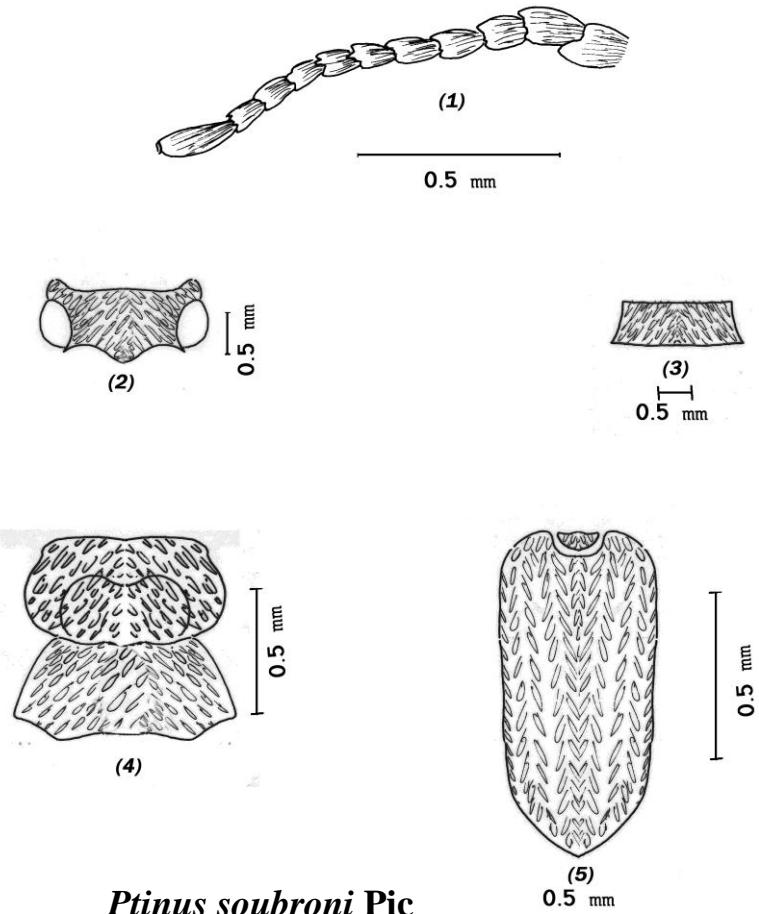
(2) head

(3) labrum

(4) pronotum

(5) elytra

## plate (4)



*Ptinus soubroni* Pic

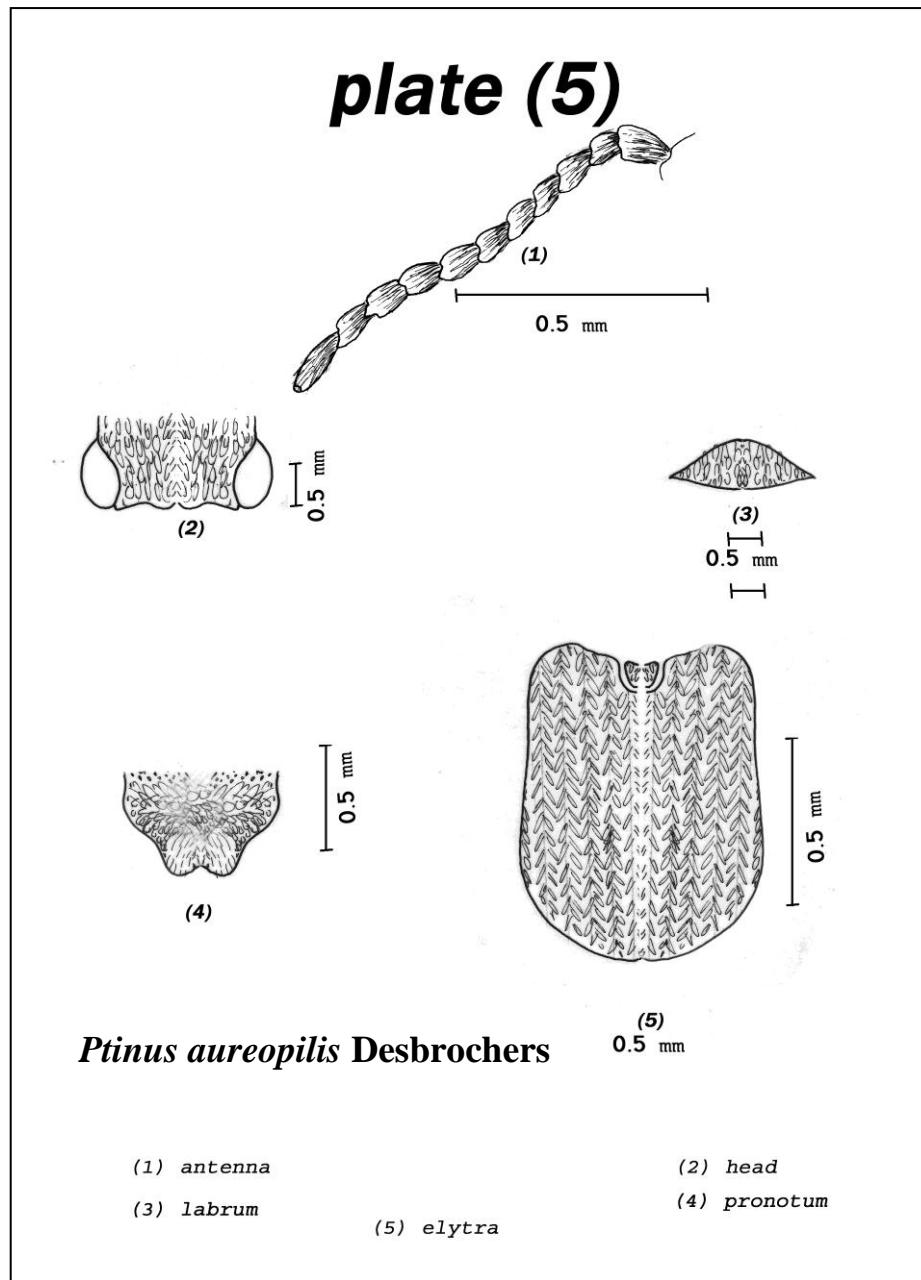
(1) antenna

(2) head

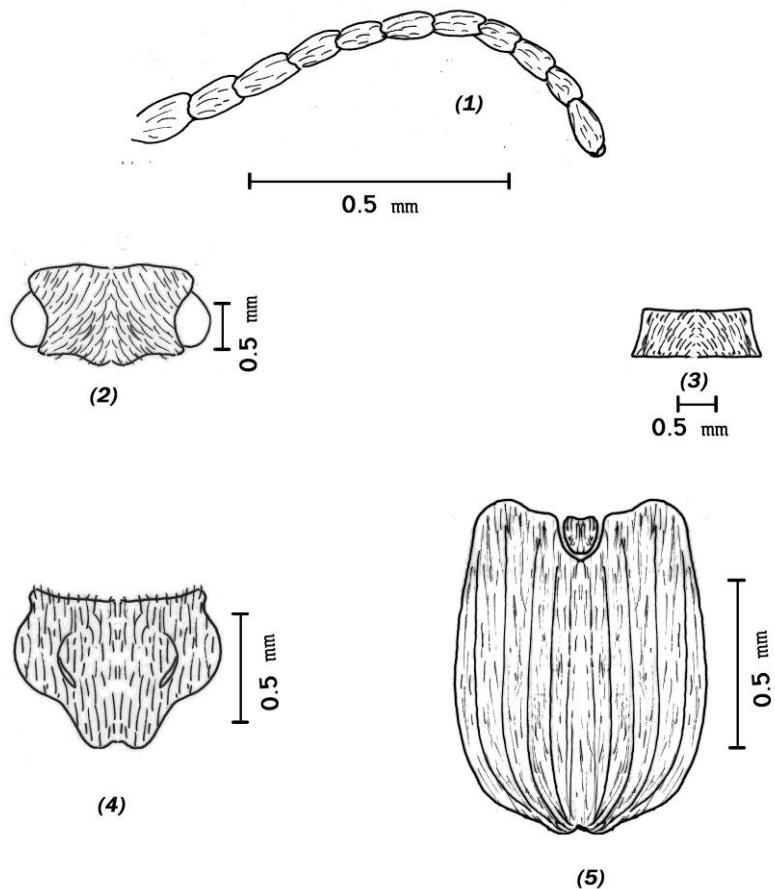
(3) labrum

(4) pronotum

(5) elytra



## plate (6)



*Ptinus desertorum* Reitter

(1) antenna

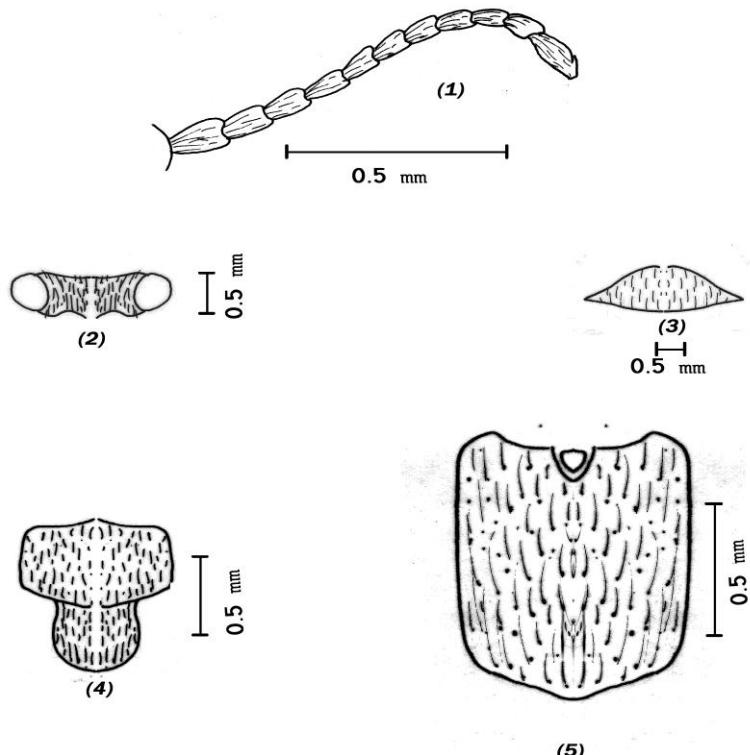
(3) labrum

(5) elytra

(2) head

(4) pronotum

## plate (7)



### *Ptinus xylopertha* Reich

(1) antenna

(3) labrum

(5) elytra

(2) head

(4) pronotum

## REFERENCES

- Acoloque ( 1896 ) : faune de france.422-504pp.  
Alfieri, A. ( 1976 ) : the Coleoptera of Egypt (monograph) (Mem . Soc. Ent. Egypt, 5.83 pp).  
Bedel (1888) : Annalas de la societe Entomologique de France 6: 443-470  
Belles, and Halstead, D.G.H. (1985) : Identification and geographical distriivion of Gibbium arquinocriale Boeijieo and Gibbium psylloides (CZempinski) (Coleoptera: ptinidae). Journal stored products research, 21 (3) : 151- 155.

- Belles (1998) : A new subgenus and two new species of *Sphaericus* (Coleoptera : ptinidae) from western Australia . Europe . J. Entomology -95: 263-268.
- Booth, G.; M.Cox and R. madge (1990) : Ile guides to insects of importance to man ( III Coleoptera, 390pp).
- Bosmann, B.T. and Jonge, J.I. (1981) : Nuisance or pest mites and insects in and hear buildings. Entomologische Berichten, 41 (6) : 81 -83.
- Cotton, R.T. and Good, N.E. (1937) : Annotated list of the insects and mites associated with stored grains and cereal products, and of their arthropod parasites (misc. publ. U.S Dept. Agric; no. 258, 81 Pages).
- Ferrante, G.(1930) : Deuxnovreaux Coleopteres d'Egypt et Sinai. Bull. Soc. Ent. Egypt, 62-63.
- Ferrantei (1911) : Description of *Ptinus ferrantei*, Bulletin de la Societe Entomologique d'Egypte. 72pp.
- Junk, W.(1926) : Coleopterorum Catalogue (part 41, ptinidae; 1-43).
- Lee, K.w; Powers, N.R. and Walke, T.W. (1992) : Apreliminary Survey of insects and mites associated with stored food products in korea. Korea J. entomol; 22 (1) : 5-12.
- Paykul, I.(1939) : description of family ptinidae, Stephens British Entomology mandibulata Coleoptera, Vol B.
- Philips , K (2009) : Description of a new genus of spider beetles (Coleoptera: ptinidae) from South Africa . Zootaxa. 2160 : 51 -67 .
- Shahine, M(1927) : Description de deux Coleopteres d'Egypt. Bulletin de la societe Royal Entomologique d'Egypt 1-2pp.
- Weidner, H. (1979) : Anobiidae and ptinidae ( Coteoptera) as nuisance causers in dwelling houses in Hamburg, part 2. Anzeiger fur schadlings – kunde pflan zenschutz umweltschutz, 52 (8) : 113-117.

**دراسات تقسيمية على جنس بتينس ( بتينيدي - رتبة غمديه الأجنحة ) في مصر**  
محمد كامل عامر عبيد  
قسم وقاية النبات - كلية الزراعة بالقاهرة - جامعة الأزهر

هذا العمل يعتبر أول عمل في سلسلة البحوث في علم تقسيم الحشرات بالنسبة لفصيلة بتينيدي .

حيث تم بناء الدراسات التقسيمية الحالية على جنس بتينس وذلك بالاعتماد على العينات المحفوظة في المجموعة الحشرية المرجعية بكلية الزراعة - جامعة الأزهر بالقاهرة وتم إظهار الصفات المميزة للفصيلة وكذلك جنس بتينس ، وعمل تمييز مورفولوجي للسبعة أنواع محل الدراسة معتمدًا على الصفات المورفولوجية الخارجية للحشرات الكاملة مزودًا بالرسومات التوضيحية لكل الأنواع وهذه الأنواع بتينس فرنجي، فريجاتوس، فريجاتوس دوفل، سوبروني، أيروبيلس، ديسرتورم، اكسيلوبيرسا. تم اختيار معظم الصفات الهاامة في الوصف وتصنيم المقاييس التصنيفية ، تم عمل المقاييس التصنيفي للأنواع إضافة إلى ذلك تم تسجيل المرادفات والتوزيع الجغرافي لكل نوع في مصر والعالم .

**قام بتحكيم البحث**

أ.د / عبد البديع عبد الحميد غانم  
كلية الزراعة - جامعة المنصورة  
أ.د / محمد عبد الغفار محمود  
كلية الزراعة بالقاهرة - جامعة الأزهر

